

29. According to figures published by the Quebec Govern-  
 ment it is estimated that there have been produced in that  
 Province since 1867, 10,430,485,472 feet B.M., and 69,608,377  
 cubic feet of timber, while \$9,805,430 have been collected for  
 dues.

Production of  
 timber in  
 Quebec,  
 1867-1888.

30. The cut of lumber in the Ottawa Valley alone, during  
 the season of 1889, was placed at 720,000,000 feet.

Timber  
 cut, Otta-  
 wa Valley,  
 1889.

31. The average quantity of timber exported annually from  
 the Port of Quebec during the five years ended 1st December,  
 1889, has been 8,726,784 cubic feet, and 869,384,800 feet B.M.

Exports of  
 timber,  
 Quebec,  
 1885-1889.

32. The agricultural and fishing industries are alluded to in  
 detail in subsequent chapters.

Agricul-  
 tural and  
 fishing  
 industries.

33. The leading manufacturing industries, principally in On-  
 tario and Quebec, are works for making all kinds of agricultural  
 implements in iron and wood, waggons, carriages, and railroad  
 rolling stock (including locomotives), cotton factories, woollen  
 factories, saw-mills, tanneries, machinery, iron and hardware  
 works, flax works, furniture, paper, soap, woodenware, boot  
 and shoe, cloth and linen, door, sash, stave, tobacco, meat and  
 food preserving, and cheese factories. Sugar refining is ex-  
 tensively carried on in Halifax and Montreal.

Manufac-  
 turing  
 industries.

34. According to the Canadian Textile Directory, 1889, there  
 were 25 cotton mills in Canada on 1st January, 1889, and their  
 capacity in spindles and looms was as follows:—

Cotton  
 mills, 1889

COTTON MILLS IN CANADA, 1889.

—	Mills.	Looms.	Spindles.
Ontario .....	10	3,465	159,900
Quebec .....	7	4,888	235,300
Nova Scotia .....	3	768	35,500
New Brunswick .....	5	2,161	89,000
Total.....	25	11,282	519,700